Jean Monnet Module "Economic Policy in the European Union"

Session 4.4. Towards fiscal federalism in the EU: a budget for the Eurozone



With the support of the Erasmus+ Programme of the European Union

Dr Marcin Roman Czubala Ostapiuk

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A two-speed Europe

A budget for the Eurozone

Final reflections

ECONOMIC AND MONETARY UNION

- A peculiar sui generis construction
- Important institutional asymmetry (monetary policy vs. fiscal policy)
- Its proper functioning requires national governments to ensure:
 - The sustainability of your own public finances
 - The competitiveness of their national economies
 - The stability of their financial systems
- Economic and Monetary Union and the Crisis

A TWO-SPEED EUROPE

• Two-speed Europe based on a selective narrowing of integration or enhanced cooperation in line with eurozone countries and in certain areas such as deepening Economic and Monetary Union, without changing the current legal framework of the Treaties.

ENHANCED COOPERATION

• Set out in the Treaties of the European \rightarrow Art. 20 TEU

Allows you to go at different pace

• It makes it easier to match the demands of member countries (which do not have to be the same or go even)

ENHANCED COOPERATION - KINDNESS

ullet It does not require changing the ullet institutionalized informal cooperation

Eurozone EEMM can use the mechanism of Article 136 TFEU

• Unified representation in international financial institutions (Art.138 TFEU)

REINFORCED COOPERATION - INCONVENIENT

- The flexibility of the agreements could lead to the dispersion of the EU's objectives
- Interference by the other institutions of the same (EC and PE)
- Bringing cooperation through intergovernmental channels rather than institutional channels
- The EC and doubts about intergovernmental solutions
- The flexibility clause → Art.352 TFEU

REINFORCED COOPERATION - SUMMARY

- \bullet Main advantage \rightarrow authorization by the Council
- It is not a specific mechanism for the euro area
- Reduced room for manoeuvre
- Pronouncement of the CJEC (2012, 362), Case C-370/2, Paragraph 167:

"enhanced cooperation can only be established where the Union itself has jurisdiction to act in the field of such cooperation"

TREATY REFORM

• Comprehensive reform \rightarrow path to move towards a true federal union (Spinelli Group)

• A one-off \rightarrow art. 48 TEU

• A one-off reform + the flexibility clause \rightarrow Art. 48 TEU + Art. 352 TFEU

A BUDGET FOR THE EUROZONE

- Completing the initial structure of EMU
- Exclusively financing the euro area's counter-cyclical economic policies
- Contributing to macroeconomic stability
- It would be nurtured by regular contributions from eurozone states
- Size → depends on its stabilizing function
- Art. 123. TFEU -> ECB and the Central Banks of the Member States

A BUDGET FOR THE EUROZONE: HISTORY (I)

• Informe MacDougall (1977) \rightarrow 7,5%-10% PNB

• Delors Report (80 years) → 2.5% GNP

Glienicker Group → Euro Treaty

• Herman Van Rompuy (2012) \rightarrow 2014-2020 MFF Negotiations

A BUDGET FOR THE EUROZONE: HISTORY (II)

- European Parliament (2012) → Report "Towards Genuine Monetary and Economic Union"
- Commission (2012) \rightarrow Master Plan
- European Council → Report "Towards genuine EMU"
- Commission (2015) \rightarrow initiative to achieve true EMU by the end of 2025
- Budgetary instrument for convergence and competitiveness (BICC)

LEGAL CONFIGURATION AND REGULATORY BASE

• <u>Option 1</u> → A subsumed budget within the General Budget (Community budget method)

• <u>Option 2</u> → Fund independent of the General Budget (managed by the EC or an independent Agency)

• Option 3 → Article 352 TFEU or a new Treaty



• Art. 352 TFEU

A new Treaty

OPTION 3 → ARTICLE 352
TFEU OR A NEW TREATY

A NEW TREATY: ADVANTAGES AND INCONVENIENTS

Advantages:

- Avoid political problems to achieve the required political majority
- Promotes global coherence of the legal system
- It can use the existing institutional framework

Disadvantages:

- It is carried out through mechanisms external to the Treaties
- Loss of "community method"
- Increased complexity of the current EU legal framework
- Institutional lace required

FINANCING THE EURO AREA BUDGET

Contributions from eurozone member countries

Loans

A new own resource

CONCLUSIONS

• The existence of a single currency carries certain benefits as costs

ullet The economic, financial and budgetary crisis ullet enhanced European economic governance

New budget for euro area → balance sheet

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